

Protestant schools, respectively. The schools are maintained partly by local taxation and partly by Government grants, and are individually controlled by local boards or by the local clergy. As previously stated, religion is assumed to be the basis of education, and the various Roman Catholic religious bodies and institutions are largely interested in such matters. Out of a total number of 973 uncertificated male teachers, 916 were Roman Catholic clergy, or members of some religious institution; and out of 2,380 uncertificated female teachers, 2,254 were nuns and sisters belonging to Roman Catholic conventual institutions. The following table gives the number of educational establishments of all grades in the Province, and of the pupils who attended them :

EDUCATIONAL STATISTICS, QUEBEC, 1886-87.

SCHOOLS, COLLEGES, ACADEMIES AND UNIVERSITIES.	Number	PUPILS AND STUDENTS.		Boys.	Girls.	Total Number of Pupils and Students.
		Protestant.	Roman Catholic.			
Elementary Schools—						
Protestant.....	964	25,898	3,705	15,472	14,131	29,603
Roman Catholic....	3,501	705	135,185	67,315	68,575	135,890
Superior Schools—						
Protestant.....	64	5,337	142	2,865	2,614	5,479
Roman Catholic....	525	67	66,985	33,598	33,454	67,052
*Independent Schools—						
Protestant.....	48	1,497	37	725	809	1,534
Roman Catholic....	125	18	15,683	7,776	7,925	15,701
Normal Schools—						
Protestant.....	1	96	.....	5	91	96
Roman Catholic....	2	.....	185	185	.....	185
Laval University....	1	.....	575	575	.....	575
Universities and Affiliated Colleges..	8,	772	.....	689	83	772
Special Schools.....	20	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,720
Total.....	5,259	34,390	222,497	129,205	127,682	258,607

* Not receiving grants.

617. The average attendance at the Public and High schools was 194,191, and formed a very much larger percentage of the Average attend-
ance.